During 1991-92, West Bengal Government was also permitted to make direct import of 8000 tonnes of edible oil upto 31.3.1992.

As regards sugar, levy sugar allocations are not made as per demand. Under the system of partial control of levy sugar, allocation to most of the States/Union Territories are being made on uniform norms of ensuring minimum 425 gm. per capita monthly availability for the projected population as on 1.1.1986. These norms are effective from 1-2-1987. Accordingly, monthly levy sugar quota of West Bengal and Sikkim are 25888 MT and 165 MT respectively. In addition to the monthly levy sugar quota, 7796 MT and 50 MT of levy sugar are released every year to the Governments of West Bengal and Sikkim, respectively, as festival quota. Further, Government have also allowed 5 per cent adhoc increase in the monthly levy sugar allocation to all States/Union Territories from August, 1991 to September, 1992.

Contribution of West Bengal to the central foodgrains pool

3325. SHRI RATNA BAHADUR RAI: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) what is the contribution of West Bengal to the Central foodgrains pool during the last three years; and

(b) the details of foodgrains allotted to that State during this period?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL SUPPLIES AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRI KAMALUDDIN AHMED): (a) The total quantities of foodgrains (rice) procured in West Bengal for Central Pool during the last three Kharif marketing seasons are as under:—

(In '000 tonnes)

Kharif marketing season (October—September)	Quantities
1989-90	102
1990-91	103
1991-92	075

(as on 15-7-1992)

(b) The quantities of wheat and rice allotted to the West Bengal for Public Distribution System during the years 1990, 1991 and 1992 are as under:—

(In '000 tonnes)

Year	Quantities	
	Wheat	Rice
1990	1080.0	854.0
1991	1111.0	853.0
1992	681.0	590.74

(upto August, 92)

उत्तर प्रदेश में भारतीय खाद्य निगम के गोदाम

3326. **श्री ईश दत्त यादव :** क्या खाद्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) उत्तर प्रदेश में भारतीय खाद्य निगम के स्थायी और अस्थायी गोदामों की जिलावार संख्या कितनी-कितनी है ;

(ख) 1990–92 से किन-किन जिलों के अस्थायी गोदामों में खाद्यान्न सड़ रहा है ; और

(ग) सड़ रहे खाद्यान्नों का ब्यौरा क्या है और इस संबंध में सरकार द्वारा क्या कदम उठाये गये हैं ?